

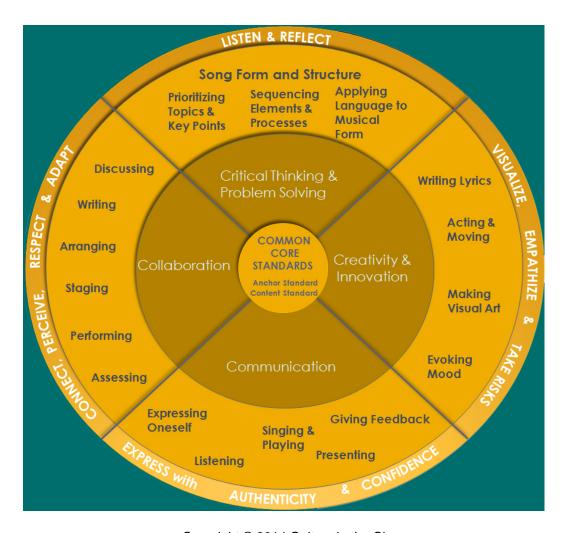
## Los Angeles Unified School District Arts Education Branch Secondary Music Instructional Guide



Course Title	GUITAR MS 1 AB
Course Abbreviation	Guitar MS 1 AB
Course Code	320807/08
Prerequisites	None
Notes	For beginning guitarists. This two-semester course may not be repeated.
Course Description	The major emphasis of this course is to develop student achievement through beginning study of the guitar. The course develops the physical skills necessary to play beginning level music accurately and with good tone quality, develops skills in reading music notation, and develops an understanding of the historical significance of the guitar and its literature and provides opportunities for growth in the understanding of musical elements as applied to the music played.
Key Assignments	<ul> <li>Perform using correct sitting posture and appropriate hand positions</li> <li>Play a sixteen measure melody composed with eighth notes at a moderate tempo using alternate picking</li> <li>Play on all six strings in first position</li> <li>Play melodies in the keys C, Am, G, Em, D, Bm, F and Dm</li> <li>Have a tonal range which extends to the A above the staff</li> <li>Play major, minor and dominant seventh chords in first position in the keys of C, G, D, A, Am, E, &amp; Em</li> <li>Strum rhythms to include whole, half, quarter and eighth notes including simple syncopation</li> <li>Play power chords using roots on open sixth, fifth and fourth strings</li> <li>Read and understand symbols indicating up and down strokes</li> <li>Play arpeggios in a finger-picking style as an accompaniment</li> <li>Identify and name the parts of the guitar</li> <li>Identify basic musical symbols</li> <li>Tune the guitar by pitch matching</li> </ul>
Instructional Methods	Direct Instruction, modeling, group practice, woodshedding, Curwen hand signs, solfege, rehearsal, written reflections, performance assessments (formative and summative), written theory assessments (formative and summative)
Co-Curricular Work	Music history can be tied to social studies lessons, the text of a instrumental/guitar composition can be tied or related to English Language Arts and English Language Development, the rhythmic and formal elements of a piece can be related to mathematics, the processes of sound production can be tied to physics.
Resources	Hal Leonard Guitar Method, Schmid & Koch Hal Leonard Music, appropriate scores and historical source material; Norton Anthology of Western Music, WW Norton and Co.; Sight-Reading: <a href="http://www.lightandmatter.com/sight/sight.html">http://www.lightandmatter.com/sight/sight.html</a> ; <a href="http://www.lightandmatter.com/sight/sight.html">http://www.lightandmatter.com/sight/sight.html</a> ; <a href="http://www.lightandmatter.com/sight/sight.html">http://www.lightandmatter.com/sight/sight.html</a> ; <a a="" brand-library-art-center<="" butp:="" departments="" government="" href="http://www.sheetmusicplus.com/http://www.sheetmusicplus.com/public Domain Music Resource (free): &lt;a href=" http:="" library-arts-culture="" www.glendaleca.gov="" www.pdinfo.com="" www.sheetmusicplus.com=""> Los Angeles City <a href="http://www.glendaleca.gov/government/departments/library-arts-culture/brand-library-art-center">http://www.glendaleca.gov/government/departments/library-arts-culture/brand-library-art-center</a> Los Angeles City <a href="http://www.lapl.org">http://www.lapl.org</a> Los Angeles County <a href="http://www.colapublib.org/">http://www.colapublib.org/</a> Professional Organizations: National Association for Music Education (NaFME) <a href="http://www.menc.org">www.menc.org/</a> Guitar Foundation of America <a href="http://www.guitarfoundation.org/">http://www.nafme.org/community/societies-and-councils/council-for-guitar-education/</a>; Guitars in the Classroom <a href="http://www.guitarsintheclassroom.org">http://www.guitarsintheclassroom.org</a>; Little Kids Rock <a href="http://www.littlekidsrock.org/">http://www.littlekidsrock.org/</a></a>

## **Course Outline**

Units should be related to the choral repertoire where possible. Time spent on each unit is to be based upon the needs of the student and the instructional program.



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		Sensory Information Through the Language	Instructional Time 35%	
and Skills Unique to Musi	ic			
Enduring Understanding	Music is a language that can be communicated aurally and visually.			
California Content Standards (Essential	Essential: 1.0 – Artistic Perception			
and Supporting)	Students read, notate, listen to, analyze, and describe music and other aural information, using the terminology of music.			
	ng standard symbols for eters.			
Vocabulary	cultures, emphasizing meter and rhythm.  Score, conductor, measure, tempo, duple meter, triple meter, note, rest, dynamics, interval, form, range, picking, strumming, fingerboard, tuning, listening, vocalizing, technique.			
Skills and Objectives	Students will be able to use musical vocabulary to:  Identify musical elements,  Describe and evaluate instrumental/guitar music.			
Suggested Strategies	Think-pair-share, full class discussion followed by group work, informal peer assessments, mock game show to reinforce vocabulary, guided and assisted reading, guided listening, direct instruction			
Sample Performance Tasks	Describe and evaluate a musical composition using the vocabulary of instrumental and/or guitar music.			
Rubric	5 Advanced	Student comprehends musical vocabulary, using accurately describe and evaluate instrumental ar		
	4 Proficient	Student generally understands musical vocabula describe and evaluate instrumental and/or guitar		
	3 Basic	Student understands basic musical vocabulary, of describe and evaluate instrumental and/or guitar		
	2 Below Basic	Student superficially understands musical vocab articulating their use.	ulary but makes errors in	
	1 Far Below Basic	Student does not exhibit comprehension of musi serious errors in articulating their use.	ical vocabulary and/or makes	

Creativity			Instructional Time 15%				
	Creating, Performing and Participating in Music						
Enduring Understanding	Spontaneous, fun activities are a way to create characters and scenes.						
California Content	Essential: 2.0 – Creative Expression						
Standards (Essential and Supporting)							
	<ul> <li>Apply Vocal or Instrumental Skills</li> <li>2.4 Perform on an instrument a repertoire of instrumental literature representing various gestyles, and cultures with expression, technical accuracy, tone quality, and articulation, and in ensembles (level of difficulty: 4 on a scale of 1–6).</li> <li>2.5 Perform on an instrument in small ensembles, with one performer for each part.</li> </ul>						
	Compose, Arran	ge, and Improvise					
	<ul> <li>2.6 Compose music, using musical elements for expressive effect.</li> <li>2.7 Compose and arrange music for voices or various acoustic or digital/electronic instruments, using appropriate ranges for traditional sources of sound.</li> <li>2.8 Arrange pieces for voices and instruments other than those for which the pieces were originally written.</li> </ul>						
	2.10 improvise o	riginal melodies over given chord progressions.					
Vocabulary	Posture, phrase, technique, elements of music, melody, phrase, climax, expression, final cadence, tonic, dominant, tone quality, articulation, compound meter, diatonic scale, dynamics, and harmonic progression.						
Skills and Objectives	<ul> <li>Students will be able to:         <ul> <li>Perform on an instrument a repertoire of instrumental literature representing various genres, styles, and cultures with expression, technical accuracy, tone quality, and articulation, by oneself and in ensembles (level of difficulty: 4 on a scale of 1–6).</li> <li>Compose music, using musical elements for expressive effect.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>						
Suggested Strategies	Intro/review of music theory including games/ear-training, group composition, listening/analysis, brainstorming, work-shopping, and peer analysis.						
Sample Performance Tasks	Create original rhythmic and melodic dictation exercises that include specific musical elements. Perform the piece.						
Rubric  Aesthetic  Appeal	4 Advanced	Strong aesthetic appeal and general impression. Would Keeps the listener interested.	be enjoyed by many listeners.				
	3 Proficient	Includes some interesting musical ideas. The general in moderately effective.	npression is pleasant and				
	2 Basic	Includes at least one interesting musical idea. Yet, the deffective.	overall impression is not				
	1 Below Basic	Does not present an effective general impression. Musi listener's interest.	cal ideas do not hold the				

Rubric	4	Includes very original, unusual or imaginative musical ideas. Explores and varies at least two musical elements.		
Creativity	Advanced			
	3 Proficient	Involves some original aspect(s) or manipulation(s) of musical idea(s). Explores and varies at least one musical element.		
	2 Basic	Musical idea is neither familiar nor a cliché. However, there is no development, variety, or exploration of musical elements.		
	1 Below Basic	Musical idea is familiar or a cliché. No variety or exploration of musical elements (range, timbre, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, melody).		
Rubric Craftsmanship	4 Advanced	Presents at least one complete musical idea. Has a coherent and organized form with a clear beginning, middle, and end. Uses musical elements to organize musical ideas or the form.		
	3 Proficient	Ending feels final. Uses at least one musical element to organize the musical ideas and overall form		
	2 Basic	Presents one complete musical idea. However, composition lacks overall completeness. Fails to use musical elements to organize musical ideas or form.		
	1 Below Basic	Gives no sense of a completed musical idea. Exhibits no clear beginning, middle or end section. Form appears random rather than organized. Musical elements (range, timbre, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, melody) do not connect well or are not used to organize musical ideas or the form.		

Rubric is a modification of one presented by: Hickey, M. (1999). Assessment rubrics for music composition. *Music Educators Journal, 84 (4),* 26 -33

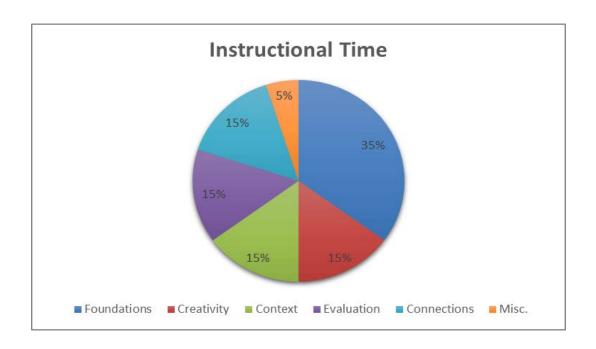


Context Understanding the Historical contributions and Cultural Dimensions of Music  Instructional Time				
Enduring Understanding	Making music to the present.	music connects us to civilizations on the other side of the world and from ancient times esent.		
California Content Standards (Essential and Supporting)	Students analy cultural diversi  3.1 Compare n	O – Historical and Cultural Context  alyze the role of music in past and present cultures throughout the world, noting sity as it relates to music, musicians, and composers.  The music from two or more cultures of the world		
	<ul><li>3.3 Describe distinguishing characteristics of representative musical genres and st or more cultures</li><li>3.4 Listen to, describe, and perform music of various styles from a variety of culture</li></ul>			
Vocabulary	Medieval, Renaissance, Baroque, Classical, Romantic, Contemporary, Gospel, Folk, Classical, Pop, Jazz, Rock, Punk			
Skills and Objectives	Students will be able to:  Identify and define specific musical styles,  Perform music from different eras and regions with appropriate style and characteristic expression			
Suggested Strategies	k/w/l chart, Thinking Maps, word wall, jigsaw, research, dramatizing, heterogeneous groups, compare and contrast, direct instruction, reading, Venn diagram, and listening charts.			
Sample Performance Tasks	Analyze an excerpt from a musical composition from a distinct era or region. Identify the characteristics that define its identity, and then perform the piece twice, once highlighting the characteristics and once de-emphasizing the characteristics. Discuss as a group the changes your group heard in each performance. As an individual, list the changes you heard or felt during the performance, citing specific examples in the score or text.			
Rubric	4 Advanced	Specific terminology is used in differentiating per different musical traditions and cultures	formance practice among	
	3 Proficient	Differentiates the musical traditions of cultures th	roughout the world	
	2 Basic	Attempts to differentiate the musical traditions of	cultures throughout the world	
	1 Below Basic	Unclear differentiation of musical traditions of cul	tures throughout the world	

Evaluation  Responding to Applyzing and Making Judgments About Works of Music			Instructional Time 15%	
Responding to, Analyzing, and Making Judgments About Works of Music				
Enduring Understanding	Music and Music-Making can mean different things to different people			
California Content				
Standards (Essential and Supporting)	Students critically assess and derive meaning from works of music and the performance of musicians in a cultural context according to the elements of music, aesthetic qualities, and human responses.			
	4.1 Develop criteria for evaluating the quality and effectiveness of musical performance compositions, including arrangements and improvisations, and apply the criteria in listening and performing.			
	4.2 Explain how various aesthetic qualities convey images, feeling, or emotion.			
	4.3 Identify aesthetic qualities in a specific musical work.			
Vocabulary	Criteria, rubrics, adaptation, revival, customs, traditions, rituals, style, and genre.			
Skills and Objectives	Students will be able to:  Identify and define musical styles,  Explain how culture affects specific musical styles.			
Suggested Strategies	Discussion, k/w/l chart, jigsaw, research, compare and contrast, Thinking Maps, reading, writing, reports, heterogeneous groups, guided listening, directed instruction, applied music making			
Sample Performance Tasks	Working in groups, select two historical periods or cultures. Do additional research on societal influences and present comparisons in a graphic organizer or Thinking Map. Write/present/perform excerpts that reinforce information explaining the differences between two musical styles.			
Rubric	4 Advanced	Uses rich supporting details to differentiate the r throughout the world	musical traditions of cultures	
	3	Differentiates the musical traditions of cultures t	hroughout the world	
	Proficient			
2		Attempts to differentiate the musical traditions of cultures throughout the wo		
	Basic			
	1	Unclear differentiation of musical traditions of cu	ultures throughout the world	
	Below Basic			



Connections, Relationships, and Applications Connecting and Applying What Is Learned in Music to Learning in Other Art Forms and Subject Areas and to Careers  Instructional Time 15%			
Enduring Understanding	Music skills can be applied to other core subjects and teach us life skills.		
California Content Standards (Essential and Supporting)	Essential: Connections and Applications  5.1 Explain how elements, artistic processes, and organizational principles are used in similar and distinctive ways in the various arts.  5.2 Analyze the role and function of music in radio, television, and advertising.  Supporting: Careers and Career-Related Skills		
5.3 Research musical careers in radio, television, and advertising.			ng.
Vocabulary	Musicality, influence, confidence		
Skills and Objectives	Students will be able to:  Use musical skills to communicate concepts and knowledge to peers,  Perform confidently with expression, and accuracy  Collaborate with others in producing all aspects of a instrumental and/or guitar ensemble concert		
Suggested Strategies	Audition strategies, concert and technical production collaboration, research and presentation		
Sample Performance Tasks	Create and produce a performance based on literature or a concept from another curricular area or a commercial purpose such as a jingle or music for dramatic underscoring in TV or film. Perform it for others while demonstrating musicality and confidence.		
Rubric	4 Advanced	<ul> <li>Adapts literature or concept into a well-organ</li> <li>Creative and original presentation of instrumental which meets Standard 2.0, including use of content where appropriate</li> </ul>	ental and/or string literature
	3 Proficient	<ul> <li>Adapts literature or concept into a production</li> <li>Appropriate presentation of instrumental and meets Standard 2.0, including use of costum appropriate</li> </ul>	or string literature which es, setting and props where
	2 Basic	<ul> <li>Somewhat adapts literature or concept into the</li> <li>Musical performance of instrumental and/or sement Standard 2.0, including use of costume used inconsistently</li> </ul>	string literature does not es, setting and props are
	1 Below Basic	<ul> <li>Does not adapt literature or concept into a pr</li> <li>Musical performance does not meet Standard setting and props are either not evident or no</li> </ul>	d 2.0, any use of costumes,



Los Angeles Unified School District Arts Education Branch

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